JOINS Review:

1. Retrieve the addresses in the data base in one column (in the form of street address city country name), include only street addresses that have the digit 9 in them. Use the locations and the countries tables.
2. Display the employee, number, full name and department name for all employees who earn less than 6000 or more than 17000 and the length of their email is 6 or 7 letters.
3. Retrieve all departments along with their manager’s first and last names. Include departments that do not currently have a manager.
4. List what jobs exist in what departments.
5. Who are the employees that earn more than their manager.
6. The HR department wants to know what to know how stable jobs are, so they ask you to show all job titles from the jobs table alongside employees (just employee\_id) who have held those jobs in the past (from job\_history table), including jobs with no associated job history and job history records without a matching job title.
7. THE HR department would like a report with the names, current job ID, previous job ID, and department ID of employees who have changed jobs while remaining in the same department.
8. You've had just about enough of HR's requests, so you decided to retrieve the full names of all employees who are ‘Human Resources Representative’, along with the department address (city, street\_address, region\_name). Good luck tracking them down. (Note that you will need to join multiple tables, but don’t let that deter you from your just cause)